

POLITICAL

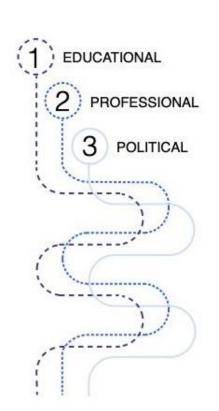
TOWARD AN ACCESSIBLE AND INCLUSIVE QUALITY IN PUBLIC BUILDINGS AND SPACES

ACTION # 1
INTEGRATING ACCESSIBILITY PRINCIPLES
IN EARLY ARCHITECTURAL EDUCATION

ACTION # 2
SUPPORTING PRACTICE SO THAT IT MEETS A DIVERSITY OF NEEDS
THROUGH HIGH-QUALITY PROJECTS (CONTINUED EDUCATION + DESIGN REQUIREMENTS)

ACTION # 3
MAP AND AWARD THE ACCESSIBILITY OF PUBLIC BUILDINGS AND PLACES
TO SUPPORT THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE ACCESSIBLE CANADA ACT
(S.C. 2019, ch. 10)

LEGAL FRAMEWORKS GOVERNING THE PRODUCTION OF THE BUILT ENVIRONMENT



FEDERAL LEVEL:

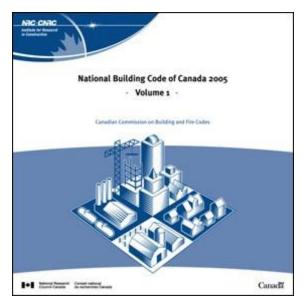
NATIONAL BUILDING CODE

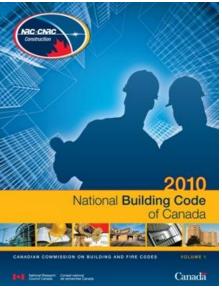
CSA/ASC B651: ACCESSIBLE DESIGN FOR THE BUILT ENVIRONMENT

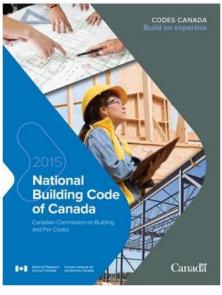
PROVINCIAL LEVEL:

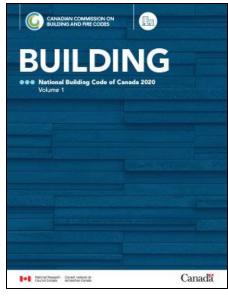
CODE DE CONSTRUCTION DU QUÉBEC

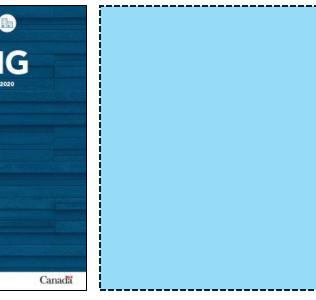
UPDATING THE NATIONAL BUILDING CODE: A 5-YEAR PROCESS









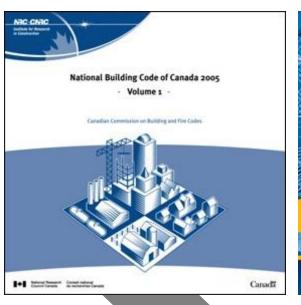


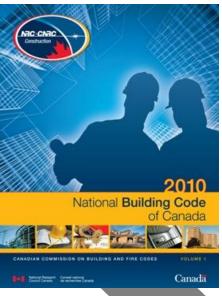
2005 2010 2015

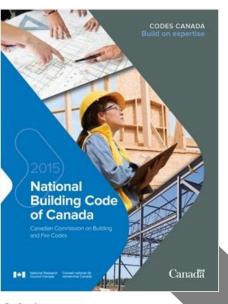
2020

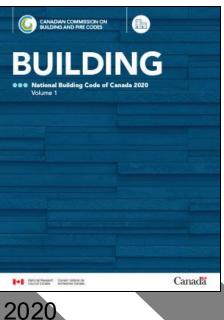
2025

UPDATING THE PROVINCIAL CODE DE CONSTRUCTION: FURTHER DELAYS









2025 +5

2005 2010 +3

> 2008 Ouébec Code de construction du Québec Chapitre I - Bâtiment, et Code national du bâtiment -Consell national National Research de recherches Canada Council Canada Canada

2015 +5

> 2015 Régle du bătiment Québec 🖼 🖼 Code de construction du Québec, Chapitre I - Bâtiment, Canada

2022

+7

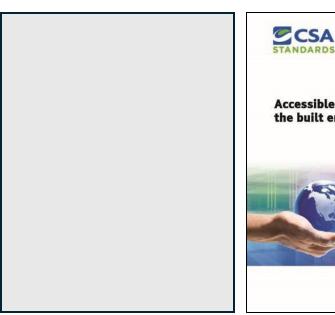
Ouebec ## Canada

CAHIER EXPLICATIF des principaux changements au Code de construction du Québec, Chapitre I – Bâtiment, et Code national

Québec ##

2025

CSA/ASC B651: A NATIONAL STANDARD OF ACCESSIBLE DESIGN MANDATORY FOR ALL FEDERAL PROJECTS SINCE THE 2019 CANADA ACCESSIBLE ACT







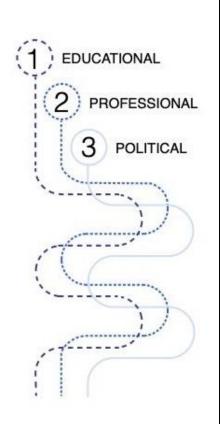


2004 2012 2018 2023

"This Standard contains requirements for making buildings and other facilities accessible to people with a range of physical, sensory, or cognitive disabilities or a combination thereof, including but not limited to those that involve mobility, reaching, manipulation, hearing, and vision. It was developed to fill a need for a national technical standard that addresses accessibility as it pertains to different types of buildings and environmental facilities, and it can be referenced in whole or in part by a variety of adopting agencies or jurisdictions."



UPDATES TO LEGAL FRAMEWORKS GOVERNING THE PRODUCTION OF THE BUILT ENVIRONMENT



	TIME NEEDED TO IMPLEMENT
Requests for changes	
Update to CSA/ASC B651	+ 5 years
Update to NATIONAL BUILDING CODE	+ 2 years
Update to PROVINCIAL BUILDING CODES (CODE DE CONSTRUCTION DU QUÉBEC)	+ 3-7 years
Transition period (Québec)	+ 1.5 years
TOTAL PROCESS TIMEFRAME	11 – 16 years

THESE DELAYS ARE AT ODDS WITH THE URGENT IMPERATIVES
TO CREATE A BUILT ENVIRONMENT ACCESSIBLE TO ALL AND
TO PREVENT THE CONTINUED PRODUCTION OF DYSFUNCTIONAL SPACES



POLITICAL

FAST-TRACK THE UPDATE OF LEGAL FRAMEWORKS GOVERNING ACCESSIBLE DESIGN IN THE PRODUCTION OF THE BUILT ENVIRONMENT

FEDERAL LEVEL SPEED OF UPDATE IS THE PROBLEM

INCREASE SUPPORT FOR TASK FORCE DEDICATED TO

THE UPDATE OF ACCESSIBLE DESIGN STANDARDS

(FASTER UPDATES IN SYNC WITH RESEARCH)

PROVINCIAL LEVEL THE REQUIREMENTS ARE THE PROBLEM

MAKE ACCESSIBLE DESIGN MANDATORY (CSA/ASC B651)

GLOBAL LEVEL THE PROCESS IS THE PROBLEM

HARMONIZE THE LEGAL FRAMEWORKS