Towards an Integrated Approach to Improving Quality of Life for Aging Populations: Livability, Biodiversity and Decarbonization

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climate change

Urban areas are responsible for 70% of GHG emissions, with many buildings in need of retrofits



biodiversity loss

Urban sprawl is driving habitat loss, threatening the biodiversity that supports wellbeing & connection to nature



aging population

For the first time, the population 65+ surpasses those < 5 globally. Age 85+ is one of Canada's fastest-growing age groups

How do we work towards a high-quality built environment in the face of a poly-crisis?

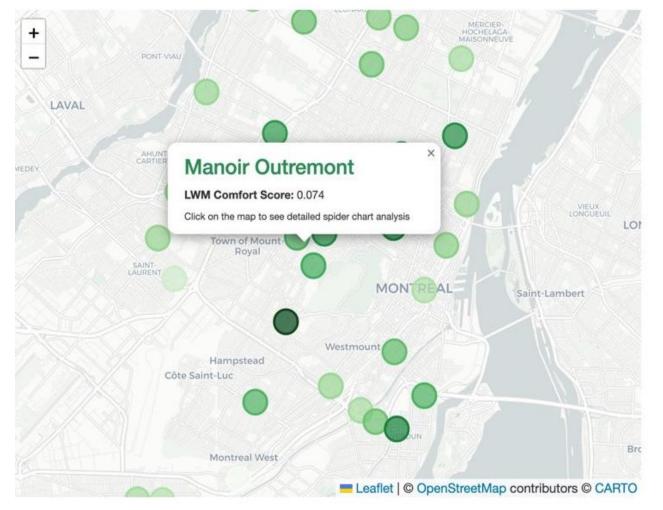
To work towards resilient, age-friendly cities:

Municipalities must assess residences for older adults using a holistic set of sustainability criteria: including energy efficiency, accessibility to amenities and access to the natural environment

Livability Increase comfort and access to amenities



We can achieve this by supporting the creation of integrated sustainability tools to assess residence quality, that allow for prioritization of interventions based on overall need



Manoir Outremont

LWM Comfort Score

